## **Peace is the Greatest Blessing**

## Rozimova Yorginov Yuldashevna

Academy of the Armed Forces Humanities, Senior Lecturer of the Department, Candidate of Historical Sciences Major

## Abstract:

In this article, the world was created, and humanity is in love with freedom and liberty. It is known from history that all wars were waged to seize or preserve the freedom of the people, the independence of the country. The dignity of both man and nation is measured by how free he is. There is information in the history of our people about the struggles for freedom, the lessons of courage and perseverance, the pricelessness of the country's independence, how unique it is.

**Key words:** independence, peaceful life, sovereign state, democracy, way of independence, reform, constitution, foreign state, Uzbek statehood, great blessing

The blessings and opportunities provided by our independence are innumerable. And to enjoy them is great happiness, great bliss. That's why the less we say thank you for every minute of our healing days today, the less. Sometimes we hear about events happening in different parts of the world. Then I think that such a heavenly country as Uzbekistan is nowhere else. It is true that every inch of our land is dice, and every handful of our soil is gold. Most importantly, we live a peaceful and serene life. Our people are happy with every day, they are grateful to our state, to our President. Their children are happy today and tomorrow. "Forty days of blessing will flee from the place of conflict one day," said our people. That's right. We see evidence of this every day through the mirror world. We are aware of the instability in some countries, the bloodshed of thousands of innocent people and the drying up of their pillows as a result of armed conflicts. What do you think about the fact that women, children and the elderly suffer the most ?! What about new hotbeds of war being created by some evil forces ?! After all, in a world of war and unrest, people's confidence in the future has waned, and they are overwhelmed with grief and sorrow, not knowing how their children will fare tomorrow. There is a possibility that the countries with bloody conflicts will go back fifty years economically and socially, and even more. Of course, it encourages all of us to appreciate peace and to be extremely vigilant and vigilant in every breath.

That is why the head of our state has been saying since the first days of independence that the main task is to maintain peace and tranquility. You see, our country is becoming economically strong and prosperous every year. The appearance of our cities and villages has changed beyond recognition, and feelings of pride are burning in our hearts. This is definitely a sign of independence.

Independence is the state's ability to operate independently of other states in internal and external affairs. Adherence to the principles of independence is the leading, dominant rule in interstate relations. Recognition of the independence of each state is one of the principles of peaceful coexistence. It is enshrined in the UN Charter and international treaties and declarations.

Adherence to it is a fundamental task of modern international law. The sovereignty of a state also means its independence in its relations with other states. Independence means not only the political but also the economic independence of the state.

Independence has long been a dream of mankind. It was on the basis of this idea that revolutions took place in the United States, France, and Latin America. By the 1990s, a new phase in the protection of human rights and the pursuit of freedom had begun in socialist countries. The totalitarian state system that had ruled in Eastern Europe for almost half a century was in crisis, and democratic regimes were beginning to take shape.

The Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia disintegrated and was replaced by several independent republics, the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic in two, and the Czech and Slovak sovereign states.

The Federal Republic of Germany and the German Democratic Republic united and the socialist system in the area inhabited by Germans was abolished. At the same time, the former USSR collapsed and was replaced by 15 countries that chose the path of independent development. In other words, by this time, the issue of gaining independence had become a global process. Uzbekistan's independence took place as part of this global process.

He was one of the first Uzbek allies to anticipate the possibilities of independence, to properly observe and assess the socio-political processes of the country: the Declaration of State Independence of the Republic of Uzbekistan, adopted on August 31, 1991, fully legitimized the political path of the Uzbek government. In August 1991, the Law "On the Foundations of State Independence of the Republic of Uzbekistan" was adopted., appealed to the supreme legislative bodies of the union and all independent states, all foreign states and the world community to encourage them to recognize the document declaring the state independence of the republic. This was the first legal basis of Uzbekistan's independence.

The Law "On the Foundations of State Independence of the Republic of Uzbekistan" consists of 17 articles, which define the main features of the Republic of Uzbekistan. According to the law, the Republic of Uzbekistan, together with the Republic of Karakalpakstan, can be declared an independent democratic state was made. The Uzbek people have the right to determine their own destiny, and the people have become the sole owner, possessor, master of state power. The independence of Uzbekistan has paved the way for building a just, democratic, humane society in the republic, created an opportunity to build its own national statehood.

Thanks to independence, Uzbekistan has gained the opportunity to present itself at the international level, while at the same time cooperating with all countries of the world on the basis of international law. On the world map, Uzbekistan has gained its place as a new, young independent state.

There is an opportunity for radical change in the economy. That is, the conditions have been created for the transition to a market economy, as proven by world practice. Attitudes toward property have changed radically, opening up opportunities for the formation of a new class of owners in society.

Independence created a full opportunity for the spiritual awakening of the people. The history of the country, the ancient culture began to recover. The ancient traditions and spiritual values of his people were returned to him. Attitudes toward religion have changed for the better. Thus, the independence gained marked a completely new era in the history of the Uzbek people, a new way of thinking was formed in the national worldview. The people began to look to the future with confidence. He began to feel that he was the complete master of his country, that he had the opportunity to determine his own destiny.

The sides exchanged views on a number of issues related to the preparation and holding of the 30th anniversary of independence of our country at a high level and preservation of our independence, further development of small business and entrepreneurship, comprehensive support, enrichment of business knowledge of youth.

- Independence is the greatest and dearest blessing. The high goals we have achieved and will

achieve today, the landscapes of our free and prosperous Motherland are, first of all, due to independence. Therefore, the Independence Day is widely celebrated throughout the country every year as the greatest and dearest holiday. It is noteworthy that the annual celebrations are celebrated under the motto, which has a special meaning. This year's holiday is marked by the decree of the President "Let's live freely and prosperously in the new Uzbekistan!" It is noteworthy that the slogan is embodied in the main idea.

The event also focused on the organization of all international cultural and educational events, sports competitions, scientific conferences, anniversaries of our ancestors in 2021 in accordance with the idea and spirit of the 30th anniversary of independence. served. Young people were given insights about our independence, its incomparable blessings, the value of our peaceful and serene life on the basis of concrete examples.

In general, in a short period of 30 years, we have got rid of the complications of the past and embarked on a smooth path of development. It is true that our high growth rates in many areas are astonishing to the world's leading countries. However, it is well known that some developed countries have gone through several centuries to achieve such goals. However, we must never forget that, like our friends who applaud our achievements, there are evil forces who are jealous and do not shy away from all kinds of atrocities against us, and, if necessary, do not spare large sums of money for it. This requires each of us to open our eyes wider and live with awareness. Because in today's very dangerous and dangerous time, in a situation where various dangers are growing around us, it is our priority and goal to preserve our greatest and invaluable wealth - peace and tranquility. In the process, the head of our state asked, "If I do not protect this land, where my umbilical cord blood was shed in this sacred land, where the blessed ashes of our ancestors lie, who will protect it?" should become the lifeblood of each of us.

After all, the Motherland is sacred, our Uzbekistan is ours! Therefore, we all have a responsibility to preserve it like the apple of an eye, to strengthen our independence!

## REFERENCES

- 1. The Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan. -T .: Uzbekistan, 2018.
- 2. Karimov I.A. Uzbekistan is on the verge of independence. T.: Uzbekistan, 2011.
- 3. Bobojonova D. Socio-economic relations in Uzbekistan. Study guide. -T.: Sharq, 1999
- 4. New history of Uzbekistan. The third book. History of independent Uzbekistan. -T .: Sharq, 2000.
- 5. Murtazaeva R.X., Doroshenko T.I and dr. History of Uzbekistan. Electronic textbook for universities. Tashkent. 2010.
- 6. 3iyoev H. History of the struggle for independence of Uzbekistan T., Sharq, 2001.
- 7. Scientific-popular dictionary of independence. -T .: Sharq, 2009.