Current Accounting of Demographic Processes, Special Selection Research

Dilshoda Inomjonova

Andijan State University a student of geography at the Faculty of Natural Sciences

ABSTRACT

In this article, studying the population, registering the population, determining the composition of the population based on statistics, studying information about the number and composition of the population, and explaining it using formulas.

KEYWORDS: statistics, demographic, collection, generalization, evaluation, categories, process, legal population, temporary departures, population list, level of knowledge, registration, analysis, promotion.

The main sources of demographic information are population lists, population registers, and survey results. National population lists and population registers differ from those of the population that population lists are conducted every ten years (or every five years in some countries), while population registers are theoretically continuous. In fact, population registry data is collected and published monthly or annually according to the rules, but they are constantly collected. And the list of residents is about photographing the population at a certain time, let's say, every decade, and this picture will take information about the population, its characteristics and its location throughout the space. On the other hand, population registers can be seen mainly in the field of population, mainly as continuous harvesting of major events about birth, death, marriage, divorce and sometimes population migration. When a person is born and dies, he is registered by the government, these registrations are conducted continuously. Lists of populations and population registers are used to cover the entire population. The lists of national populations should take into account events in the reconstruction of the population and register all demographic processes (birth, death, etc.) taking place in the population. In surveys, however, only a portion of the population is visible. Nevertheless, they will collect information on many questions included in the population list, the necessary information, and additional elements of interest to demographers who are not included in the population list.

The demographic process is one of the important types of current account of the population carrying out continuous regular, continuous guuhalaa without interruption, and this process is mainly carried out by the authorities writing acts of civil status. These organizations constantly record and record cases of birth, death, marriage and divorce. Written evidence of civil status in the Republic of Uzbekistan (FHDSU) bodies are established within the framework of districts, regions, cities and full information about those who were born, died, recorded marriages, divorces, exact dates and persons of the Ulema is constantly recorded. In general, the savollami in the demographic process registration program can be divided into two gumh. The first group includes the address of the processes, the time of occurrence and recording, and the second group includes the savollami about the persons who passed the process. For example, in the birth registration-the data such as the father of the baby, the nationality of his mother, the age, the place of work are also recorded. Even in the registration of the marriage process, information on the nationality, age and social status of the entrant in marriage is indicated. On the basis of this data, a lot of indicator tables are prepared. Such tables can illustrate the distribution of the birth by nationality, age, nationality of the father, age, by

Regions, nationalities, age groups, by marriage, by divorce, by such cases

The permanent registration of the population list and population allows you to get full information about the population by pushing each one. But there are also different sides to ulami. The population list is conducted by special organizations, specialists and simultaneously for certain periods (in most cases - in 10 years). And in the case of permanent account of the population, they come to the relevant organizations of the population themselves within the period established by law and record the demographic process. In the regular determination of the number of population and the change in its composition, the data on the population list are basic. In a certain year, the population list is conducted and accurate information about the number and composition of the population is obtained. In order to determine the number and composition of the population in the next year, the number of people born and immigrants in this year is added to the number of the population determined in the list, and the number of those who died and moved is subtracted. With such a method, data on the number and composition of the population for each year are determined before the next population list is held. Selective sociological-demographic research also serves as an important resource in the study of the population. In these studies, demographic processes and factors affecting them, information about their characteristics, which can not be taken into account by the constant population census and population, are collected. In these studies, demographic inclinations (attitudes of the population towards demographic processes), which are very important for demographic forecasts, can also be studied by its characteristics over generations. Special demographic research is conducted in a sociological style, using questionnaires, dialogues.

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