

New Uzbekistan Strategy in Political Views

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ABSTRACT

Today, Uzbekistan has entered a qualitatively new stage of its independent development. Along the way, it has been cooperating effectively with many countries and major international organizations in various fields. In particular, significant results are being achieved in developing friendly and mutually beneficial relations with foreign countries. It is undeniable that the comprehensive reforms being carried out in our country in recent years have been based on such priorities as creating a prosperous lifestyle for our people and enhancing the image of the new Uzbekistan in the world community. This article analyzes Uzbekistan's new strategy and its political position.

KEYWORDS: *Foreign policy, New Uzbekistan, new strategy, democracy, political views, international relations, cooperation, Central Asia, economy.*

Introduction

In a short period of time, the people of Uzbekistan have made great strides, which is the basis for our country to take a worthy place in the world community. In this regard, the process of reforms and modernization initiated by the head of our state, including the policy of strengthening ties with neighboring countries, is recognized by the world community.

“Today, the concept of foreign policy of the Republic of Uzbekistan is being improved. This important document pays special attention to further strengthening our relations with the Central Asian states in the spirit of centuries-old friendship and good neighborliness, strategic partnership and mutual trust, which is a priority of our foreign policy. Uzbekistan's main foreign partners are Russia, China, the United States, Turkey, Germany, France, Great Britain, South Korea, Japan, India, Pakistan, the United Arab Emirates and other countries interesting relations are expanding,” said Shavkat Mirziyoyev¹.

It can be said that today the head of our state is a leader who strives for the prosperity of not only Uzbekistan but also Central Asia, living and working with the dream of transforming the region into an industrialized, prosperous and widely integrated with the world.

It can be said that today the head of our state is a leader who strives for the well-being not only of Uzbekistan, but also of Central Asia, living and working with the dream of transforming the region into an industrialized, prosperous and widely integrated with the world.

In recent years, we are living in a space of literal change, renewal. As a part of the new Uzbekistan, we are not only witnessing the reforms recognized by the world, but we are all taking great steps together, which have served the interests of the people for many years.

In this sense, the conversation of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev with the editor-in-chief Salim Doniyorov, which was announced in the 17 August issue of the "New

¹ <https://president.uz/uz/lists/view/4547>

Uzbekistan" newspaper under the title "New Uzbekistan is becoming a country of democratic changes, broad opportunities and practical work", was another vivid expression of such changes, not exaggeration. I, among many, read with great interest the answers of the head of our state to the questions. I got acquainted with the actual issues mentioned in the interview.

The conversation of the president with the chief of the "New Uzbekistan" gas station has been discussed in detail about the democratic changes, Foreign and regional policy carried out in our country. Another important feature is that the new Uzbekistan is a state that develops on the basis of the principles of friendly cooperation with the world community, whose ultimate goal is to create a free, prosperous and prosperous life for our people, strictly adhering to universally recognized norms and principles of democracy, human rights and freedoms².

These democratic changes are being carried out not in order to please someone, to brag, to enter various rankings, but in the interests of our people, first of all, the present life and future of our young generation. In particular, "human rights and freedoms", "rule of law", "openness and transparency", "freedom of speech", "freedom of religion and belief", "public control", "gender equality", "inviolability of private property" It is noteworthy that fundamental democratic concepts and life skills, such as "freedom of economic activity", are now becoming a reality.

Speaking of the new Uzbekistan, first of all, a new economic relationship, a new economic outlook. You can't list all the work that has been done in the last five years. to convert money from electronic cards into cash through ATMs, which has been bothering people for many years, to have the national currency exchange rate on the "black market" - the same, but different in banks, to buy foreign currency, to obtain citizenship, O A number of problems related to the purchase and registration of housing and property from any part of Uzbekistan have gone down in history.

It should be noted that this comprehensive article, which embodies the traces of historical processes, describes how the brave and noble people under the leadership of President Shavkat Mirziyoyev in recent years have gone through a difficult and at the same time glorious path of development. Its power is a mirror image of building a new state of Uzbekistan with its potential.

It is no exaggeration to say that today all our compatriots want the new reforms that have begun to continue more vigorously. Shavkat Mirziyoyev is the author of reforms in the new Uzbekistan.

In accordance with this strategy, systematic measures will be taken in each area to build the state and society, improve the judicial system, implement administrative reforms, liberalize the economy, create a favorable business and investment climate, and pursue a mutually beneficial foreign policy. The head of our state is personally involved in this work.

It is no coincidence that in the late twentieth and early twenty-first centuries, regional processes began to attract the interest of the world scientific community. As a result of the deepening of foreign policy relations in world politics in recent years, on the one hand, the world is becoming an integrated and interdependent system, on the other hand, through the intensification of integration processes in some regions, multilateral cooperation and integration processes. completely new approaches are emerging.

Regional processes that lead to the improvement of interstate relations are part of international relations, the activities of states to promote, realize and protect their interests in solving problems in the international arena. In other words, the policy of multilateral cooperation in international relations is based on the agreement of the subjects of international law (states, intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations, alliances, etc.) on their interests, war and peace, the future of all

² <https://president.uz/uz/lists/view/4547>

mankind, common security. In many respects, his political activities related to mining and disarmament, regional and national conflicts, environmental protection, overcoming backwardness and poverty, hunger and disease, and solving other global problems of humanity is a related process.

At the present stage, one of the main tasks of the foreign policy of the Republic of Uzbekistan is to create an atmosphere of peace, stability and security around its territory. In this regard, President Sh. Mirziyoyev identified the development and strengthening of friendly, close neighborly and mutually beneficial relations with our neighbors - Central Asian states as a key foreign policy priority³.

At the ceremony of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev on the occasion of the 29th anniversary of independence of Uzbekistan: "Because today's Uzbekistan is not yesterday's Uzbekistan. Our people today are not the people of yesterday⁴". It is not for nothing that it is safe to say that all the conditions are in place for this. In particular, the Third Renaissance in the West is interpreted as a revival of interest in the ideals of antiquity. Even when Uzbekistan embarked on the path of independent development, great work has been done to provide accurate coverage of history and the restoration of ancestral heritage. The principle of equality of citizens before the law, the spread of secular ideas, the renunciation of religious beliefs, the development of the education system, the attention and patronage of the rulers to science, enlightenment and the arts. This can be seen in the renewed reality of Uzbekistan today. The Third Renaissance in Uzbekistan is a dream of all of us. For the dream to become a reality, it will be necessary to learn from history and take the study of Renaissance processes in the world, especially in Central Asia, to a new level. If we take a general look at this low point of the historical path of human development, the change in attitudes and attitudes towards man on the basis of cultural uplift in this or that region, it is not difficult to see that it has to do with being free from the shackles of the creed. Such periods in the history of the nation are called the Renaissance. In particular, the region of East and Central Asia began in the ninth century and sometimes grew like a mountain river, sometimes slowing down in front of obstacles in the way, sometimes gaining weight and experiencing such a period of growth until the beginning of the XVI century. In the fourteenth and early seventeenth centuries, however, Europe, which had benefited from Eastern science, went through a period of Renaissance that determined its subsequent course of development⁵.

At the 75th session of the United Nations General Assembly, President Shavkat Mirziyoyev noted that "the ancient and rich cultural heritage of our region is of global importance." The initiative is aimed at conducting new research in the study of the Eastern Renaissance and its impact on world culture⁶.

Undoubtedly, at present, the main priority of our country's international relations is the relations with the countries of the Central Asian region. Uzbekistan's policy in Central Asia is aimed at ensuring peace and stability in the region, addressing important regional security issues, including the situation in Afghanistan. Uzbekistan will make every effort to strengthen regional trade and economic cooperation, develop the transport and transit infrastructure of the region, rational and integrated use of water and energy resources of Central Asian transboundary rivers and ensure the ecological stability of the region, delimitation and demarcation of borders.

³ Туляков Э., Хакимов Ф. Марказий Осиё давлатлари билан дўстона ҳамкорлик – Ўзбекистон ташқи сиёсий фаолиятининг устувор йўналиши // «Тараққиёт стратегияси» маркази. 03 Апр. 2021. <https://strategy.uz/index.php?news=1278>

⁴ <https://president.uz/uz/lists/view/4547>

⁵ Speech by President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev at the solemn ceremony dedicated to the twenty-ninth anniversary of the independence of the Republic of Uzbekistan. // Journal of Society and Management. 2020, 3 (89) -. - 6 p.

⁶ Speech by Shavkat Mirziyoyev at the 75th Session of the United Nations General Assembly.

The new direction of the President of Uzbekistan on strengthening political trust and mutual understanding in Central Asia is being implemented. Many problems that have not been resolved for years in relations with neighboring countries are gradually being resolved. The ideas of deepening and developing regional cooperation in Central Asia have been implemented. The friendly, trusting and fraternal relations of our country with Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan are rapidly expanding and strengthening at all levels.

The second consultative meeting of Central Asian leaders, initiated by President Shavkat Mirziyoyev and held on November 29, 2019 in Tashkent, has played an important role in relations with Central Asian countries. At the meeting, the Central Asian leaders agreed to hold regular consultative meetings "as a platform for constructive and open discussion on topical issues of cooperation and common problems in the region." This summit has played an important role in strengthening the atmosphere of friendship, good neighborliness, comprehensive cooperation, mutual respect and trust, first of all, due to the personal contribution of the head of our state⁷.

These include the recent international conference "Mutual Cooperation in Central Asia: Threats and New Opportunities" attended by more than 100 political scientists and officials from 30 countries⁸.

In order to bring the relations with the countries of Central Asia in a spirit of mutual friendship, good neighborliness and strategic partnership to a new level in terms of quality and content in all areas by 2020, 23 high-level foreign policy and economic activities and 12 high-level visits and various events. In this process, it was observed that "people's diplomacy" was very active in practice. In particular, more than 90 different meetings, conferences, video conferences and other similar events were held with the participation of people's representatives - scientists and artists, cultural and religious figures, businessmen and youth, tourism and sports organizations, public associations and NGOs⁹.

It should be noted that in recent years, as a result of the support of the initiatives of President Shavkat Mirziyoyev by the leaders of neighboring countries, political dialogue and mutual trust have been strengthened in Central Asia, consultative meetings of heads of state have been held.

As a result, the level of bilateral and multilateral cooperation in the region has reached a new level. In particular, in 2017-2019, trade turnover with Central Asian countries will grow by an average of more than 50% annually to 5.2 billion. dollars. According to the results of 2020, despite the global pandemic, the total trade turnover of Uzbekistan with Central Asian countries will reach 5 billion. dollars. In particular, the share of Central Asian countries in the total foreign trade turnover of Uzbekistan increased from 12.4% in 2019 to 13.6% in 2020. In the total foreign trade turnover of Uzbekistan in the region, the share of Kazakhstan was 61%, Kyrgyzstan - 18.2%, Turkmenistan - 10.6% and Tajikistan - 10.2%.

The correctness of Uzbekistan's open and constructive policy towards Central Asia has been proved by the joint measures taken by the leaders of the region during the global pandemic to help each other and mitigate the consequences of the spread of the coronavirus.

Despite the threat of a global pandemic, regular dialogue between the leaders of Central Asian states

⁷ Томсон К., Туркстра А. Ўзбекистонда Марказий Осиё давлатлари раҳбарларининг иккинчи Маслаҳат учрашуви бўлиб ўтди / Ўзбекистон Ахборот Агентлиги (ЎЗА). 04.12.2019. <https://uza.uz/uz/posts/zbekistondamarkaziy-osiye-davlatlari-ra-barlarining-ikkinch-04-12-2019>

⁸ Марказий Осиёда муштарак жиҳатлар, таҳдидлар ва янги имкониятлар. Ўзбекистон Ахборот Агентлиги. 15.02.2019. <http://uza.uz/uz/society/markaziy-osiye-da-mushtarak-zhi-atlar-ta-didlar-va-yangi-imko-15-02-2019>

⁹ Туляков Э., Хакимов Ф. Марказий Осиё давлатлари билан дўстона ҳамкорлик – Ўзбекистон ташки сиёсий фаолиятининг устувор йўналиши // «Тараққиёт стратегияси» маркази. 03 Апр. 2021. <https://strategy.uz/index.php?news=1278>

has been ensured and active cooperation between the two countries has continued. Countries in the region have been providing social assistance to each other since the early days of the spread of coronavirus infection. Uzbekistan has repeatedly sent humanitarian aid to Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan and Tajikistan. In response, our neighbors, such as Kyrgyzstan and Tajikistan, have provided humanitarian assistance to restore the Sardoba Reservoir. Also, in December 2020, with the support of Uzbekistan, a 200-bed infectious diseases hospital was commissioned in Kyrgyzstan, fully equipped with the necessary medical equipment and furniture¹⁰.

In January 2021, the governments of Uzbekistan and Kazakhstan will spend at least \$ 1 billion over five years to support projects in partnership with the United States that will expand economic ties in the region. Launched the Central Asian Investment Partnership initiative to raise US \$ 1 billion. Implemented through the C5 + 1 platform, the initiative seeks to use all available opportunities to increase trade, promote integrated development and deepen multilateral ties in order to strengthen and grow the economies of Central Asian countries¹¹.

Thus, while positively assessing the current regional processes in the Central Asian region, in particular, the processes of cooperation and integration between the countries of the region, it should be noted that such a positive environment is primarily the political will of the region's leaders. In addition, the completely new environment created by the positive changes in the region shows that the regional processes in Central Asia are strengthening, and in the future foreign countries may pay attention not only to bilateral cooperation with the region, but also to a single regional multilateral relationship.

Strengthening state independence and sovereignty, further strengthening the role and place of our country as a full-fledged subject of international relations, joining the ranks of developed democracies, creating a space of security, stability and good neighborliness around Uzbekistan is the most important priority¹². From the very first days of his presidency, Mirziyoyev identified the establishment of constructive and mutually beneficial relations with its closest neighbors, strengthening regional security and stability as a key priority of Uzbekistan's foreign policy. As the head of our state noted, "foreign countries, first of all, close cooperation with neighboring countries are based on the principles of mutual trust and mutual benefit"¹³.

The choice of Central Asia as a priority is a natural, sincere desire of Uzbekistan to establish good neighborly and mutually beneficial relations with its closest neighbors. Uzbekistan is ready to make reasonable compromises with Central Asian states on all issues without exception¹⁴.

The international conference "Central Asia: Common Past and Common Future, Cooperation for Sustainable Development and Cooperation" has played a strategic role in the development and implementation of modern regional policy.

The purpose of the conference on "Mutual Welfare", which took place on November 10-11, 2017 in Samarkand, was to discuss current issues of strengthening peace and stability in Central Asia, the

¹⁰ Қирғизистонда Ўзбекистон барпо қилган юқумли касалликлар шифохонаси очилди // SPUTNIK news ахборот агентлиги. 24.12.2020. <https://sputniknews-uz.com/20201224/irizistonda-zbekiston-barpo-ilgan-yuqumlikasalliklar-shifokhonasi-ochildi-15665778.html>

¹¹ Инвестициявий шериклик тўғрисида Ўзбекистон, АҚШ ва Қозоғистон қўшма баёноти / Ўзбекистон Ахборот Агентлиги (ЎЗА). 09.01.2021. https://uza.uz/uz/posts/investiciyaviy-sheriklik-togrisida-ozbekiston-aqsh-vaqozogiston-qoshma-bayonoti_233385

¹² [Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On the strategy for further development of the Republic of Uzbekistan"]

¹³ [Speech by Sh. Mirziyoyev at the inauguration of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan at a joint meeting of the chambers of the Oliy Majlis on 12/14/2016.]

¹⁴ [See.: Central Asia is the main priority of foreign policy of Uzbekistan.]

development of regional cooperation. In his speech, the President of Uzbekistan said: "... The future of the region is shaped by every Central Asian state. It is to achieve and strive for cooperation together as a solid foundation and guarantee of its sustainable development. The main goal is to turn Central Asia into a region of sustainable economic development through joint efforts" the President said. "The root causes of the conflict need to be addressed," he said. We are looking for reasonable compromises in resolving issues related to borders, water use, transport and trade" said Shavkat Mirziyoyev¹⁵.

As the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan noted, "we need to deepen practical cooperation to ensure security and stability in the region." It should be noted that, first of all, all countries face the same threats of terrorism, religious extremism, transnational crime and drug trafficking. An effective answer to these problems can only be achieved by working together. The division must be abandoned.

Second, the prospects for sustainable development today are inextricably linked to peace in Afghanistan. Uzbekistan will continue to participate in the recovery of the country's economy, development of transport and economic infrastructure and human resources.

Third, it is also necessary to complete the process of delimitation and demarcation of state borders quickly and efficiently. It is necessary to expand trade, economic, cultural and humanitarian cooperation between the two countries by resolving border issues. Given the mutual interests, it will be possible to solve this important problem on the basis of reasonable compromise and equivalent exchange.

Fourth, the organization of regular consultative meetings of Central Asian leaders can help to achieve these goals. We believe that today we need to work together to find solutions to regional problems in the region.

President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh.M. Mirziyoyev put it, it is not a question of creating a new international organization in Central Asia or any integration structure with its own charter and supreme body. Its activities are focused only on "synchronizing clocks" on key issues of regional development.

Fifth, it is important to appeal to the UN General Assembly after this event to adopt a special resolution on strengthening regional and international cooperation to ensure peace, security and sustainable economic development in the Central Asian region.

Sixth, despite the objective challenges, it is necessary to ensure that the national development prospects of the countries of the region are aligned with regional priorities, which will help build a truly stable and prosperous Central Asia.

Due to such a realistic approach to regional processes, **firstly**, due to the fact that the Central Asian region is one of the priorities of the country's foreign policy, Uzbekistan is facing regional tensions with its neighbors on all issues that have been growing for decades. is cooperating. Today, these processes have a significant positive impact not only on the region, but also on world politics.

Second, discussing the issues will provide a real opportunity to develop joint projects that are on the agenda for the entire region;

Third, today rapprochement with neighboring countries is developing rapidly. An advanced decision

¹⁵ [Speech by the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh. Mirziyoyev at the international conference "Central Asia: one past and a common future, cooperation for sustainable development and mutual prosperity" in Samarkand 11.11.2017]

on the regulation of state borders has been made and implemented in Uzbekistan. Uzbekistan, Kazakhstan and Turkmenistan signed an agreement on the border area in November 2017 at the High-Level International Conference on Central Asia in Samarkand¹⁶.

Fourth, the agreement on the Uzbek-Kyrgyz state border and the agreement on separate sections of the Uzbek-Tajik state border, as well as between Uzbekistan, Kazakhstan and Turkmenistan the signing of the agreement on the point of contact and its implementation in real life was an important historical event¹⁷.

Fifth, regular consultative meetings of Central Asian leaders have begun. These meetings are a unique ongoing platform for high-level participants to discuss and act on regional issues, to develop mutually acceptable solutions;

Interstate relations between the Central Asian states are characterized by mutual attention and respect for interests, mutual openness and political trust.

In recent years, Uzbekistan's foreign policy has undergone systemic positive changes in regional cooperation, based on the national interests of the country and regional interests in general. Since the second half of 2016, the Republic of Uzbekistan has been pursuing a more open policy with neighboring countries, establishing relations with neighboring countries in political, economic, transport and communications and other fields. Relations with the Islamic Republic of Afghanistan have reached a new level, and cooperation with leading countries in the region and the world, including Russia, China, the United States and other countries of the European Union and the Asian continent, has intensified.

Today, the Republic of Uzbekistan has adopted and implemented advanced decisions on the regulation of state borders. The agreement on the Uzbek-Kyrgyz state border and the agreement¹⁸ on the border area between Uzbekistan, Kazakhstan and Turkmenistan¹⁹, as well as separate sections of the Uzbek-Tajik border agreement²⁰ was important.

The results of the agreements opened wide opportunities for Uzbekistan in the development of trade, economic, cultural and humanitarian cooperation, people's diplomacy, border trade, and created favorable conditions in the field of transport and communication for citizens living in border areas.

An open and pragmatic foreign policy will help to reach a compromise with diplomacy and tolerance in making decisions on complex regional issues on the agenda.

Changes in Uzbekistan's foreign policy have become a catalyst for strengthening cooperation between Central Asian countries: in the near future, the common traditions, culture, religion and history of Central Asian states will contribute to positive changes in the region. The path to mutual cooperation aimed at ensuring sustainable and sustainable development without burdening the

¹⁶ [See.: "Central Asia: one past and a common future, cooperation for sustainable development and mutual prosperity" in Samarkand 11.11.2017]

¹⁷. [See.: Speech by the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh. Mirziyoyev at the international conference "Central Asia: one past and a common future, cooperation for sustainable development and mutual prosperity" in Samarkand 11.11.2017]

¹⁸ [See.: The Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On ratification of the Agreement between the Republic of Uzbekistan and the Kyrgyz Republic on the Uzbek-Kyrgyz state border (Bishkek, 09/05/2017)." No. LRU-447. 10/04/2017/]

¹⁹ [See.: The Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On ratification of the Treaty between the Republic of Uzbekistan and the Republic of Kazakhstan and Turkmenistan on the area of the junction of the state borders of the three states (Samarkand, 11/09/2017)." LRU №-465 04/02/2018.]

²⁰ [See.: The Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On ratification of the Treaty between the Republic of Uzbekistan and the Republic of Tajikistan on individual sections of the Uzbek-Tajik state border (Dushanbe, 03/09/2018)." LRU №-481. 07/03/2018/]

sovereignty of the countries of the region lies in close economic ties and relations, interdependence of interests, mutual interest in development. It was economic complementarity and interdependence that made it possible to find compromises and avoid conflicts.

The economy is becoming a priority of regional cooperation. Based on the above, it should be noted that the main trend in the formation and development of regional development institutions in modern conditions is the integration of functions, structural links, areas of activity, etc., which is of particular importance in both regions. No matter what the goals of any organization, the solution is to solve the problems that ensure the stability and sustainable development of the region. In the context of intensifying globalization processes and related crises, international security systems will be modernized, taking into account the geopolitical, cultural and historical realities, using the experience of countries in world politics.

Conclusion

Uzbekistan is on the eve of the Third Renaissance. In our country, the factors that led to the historical Renaissance in the East and the West are present, and there are characteristic features of the Renaissance culture. In particular:

- As “renaissance” means “revival”, our country is actively working to restore and develop the progressive ideals of the past;
- Different sciences, spiritual values, enlightenment are recognized as important criteria for social development;
- Etiquette - respect for morality, ethics, culture of communication has become the main goal of human education;
- The belief that knowledge and enlightenment is an important human duty is firmly entrenched in the public consciousness;
- The state pays special attention and sponsorship to science;

The realization of dreams requires only one, but very important action: to instill the idea of "New Uzbekistan - a new worldview" in the minds and hearts of all segments of the population, the whole nation, "From national revival to national progress. The priority is to unite the people around the idea.

In short, the creation of a new political climate in the region, the next consultative meeting of Central Asian leaders and the adoption of an agreed joint statement show that the process of regional cooperation is of strategic importance, and the rapprochement of Central Asian peoples and countries has become an objective reality. Thanks to the open and good-neighborly policy of Uzbekistan towards its closest neighbors, a healthy and friendly environment has been created in Central Asia, as well as favorable conditions for mutually beneficial cooperation between the countries of the region. It is certainly highly commendable and is fully supported all over the world.

In conclusion, it should be noted that during the last 30 years of independence, our people have gone through difficult and difficult times, especially in the last five years. Most importantly, the worldview of our people is changing, their activity in governing the state and society is increasing, and this, of course, means that there is ample opportunity to achieve more significant results in the future.

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22. [See.: The Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On ratification of the Agreement between the Republic of Uzbekistan and the Kyrgyz Republic on the Uzbek-Kyrgyz state border (Bishkek, 09/05/2017)." No.LRU-447. 10/04/2017/]
23. [See.: The Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On ratification of the Treaty between the Republic of Uzbekistan and the Republic of Kazakhstan and Turkmenistan on the area of the junction of the state borders of the three states (Samarkand, 11/09/2017)." LRU №-465 04/02/2018.]
24. [See.: The Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On ratification of the Treaty between the Republic of Uzbekistan and the Republic of Tajikistan on individual sections of the Uzbek-Tajik state border (Dushanbe, 03/09/2018)." LRU №-481. 07/03/2018/]